

SURVEYING.—According to the last published reports of the Society of the Treasury, during the year ending June 30, 1860, there were built at this port, ships and boats, 4,194 tons; 24 scows, 197 tons; and 260 boats, 22, steamers, 28.

Total tonnage constructed during the year was at New-York City, 21,481 tons; at Boston, 21,147 tons; at New-York, 16,783 tons; at Walpole, N. H., 10,356 tons; at Philadelphia, 11,491 tons; at Baltimore, 6,829 tons; at Louisville, 8,631 tons; at St. Louis, 4,684 tons; at Cincinnati, 3,201 tons. Total, 109,955 tons.

The following table gives the relative position held by the several States during the same time:

| States. | Number of Vessels. | Tonnage. |
|---------------|--------------------|----------|
| Mass. | 172 | 27,461 |
| Massachusetts | 179 | 31,061 |
| Conn. | 139 | 31,061 |
| Pennsylvania | 132 | 31,615 |
| Maryland | 43 | 7,785 |
| Delaware | 14 | 1,746 |
| All others | 20 | 5,789 |
| Total. | 504 | 109,955 |

The value of this property, estimated at \$50 per ton, is \$5,497,500,000.

SABBATH-SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.—The thirty-second anniversary of the Sabbath-School connected with the Sixteenth-street Baptist Church took place last evening. The building was very much crowded, about 350 of the audience being members of the school. The Rev. Robt. Lowry of the Forty-third-street Baptist Church delivered a short address on the general subject of Sunday-School instruction. Mr. G. Parker spoke upon the subject of conversions among the children. Mr. Ralph Wells, connected with the Sunday-School Union, also spoke. There was singing by the school, and the exercises were closed up with a handsome collection.

CHURCHES AGAINST THE NEW-YORK HARBOUR-MASTERS.—The Senate Committee, consisting of Messrs. Grant, Monroe, and P. P. Murphy, appointed to investigate charges against certain New-York Harbour-Masters are to examine some forty witnesses in this city, which will avoid the expense of taking them to Albany. The travelling allowance to witnesses is ten cents a mile, and it is thought the trip to New-York by the Committee will save some \$12. The Committee meet today.

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL.—Weekly report to March 22, 1861. *Surgical* Medical. Total. Remained March 2, ... 206 107 27 Remained to March 15, ... 206 107 27 Discharged or relieved 29 19 28 Died 2 3 5 Remaining at date, ... 159 184 272 Miles, 241; Females, 32.

FOOT GAS.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: IN THE TRIBUNE of the 21st last, the cause for the almost unprecedented consumption of gas in winter is ingeniously attributed to the increased pressure on the mains. Were such the case, it might easily be regulated by every consumer, as remarked by "Self Protection" in the morning's edition. But the true cause can only be assigned to the bad quality of coal used in making the gas, and its admixture with a small quantity of atmospheric gas. Despite the general care in regulating our meter during the months of November, December and January last, we, and our neighbors, have been greatly annoyed by the amount paid during the corresponding months one year ago, for exactly the same number of burners, and at the same price per 1,000 feet. The fact is, that so long as one company has a monopoly of the business, it can impose on the public to any extent it pleases. Our relief will only then be, when another company enters into active competition with the present monopoly. How wonderfully accommodating and liberal the old company of Brooklyn became as soon as the new one commenced laying their pipes.

New-York, March 22, 1861.

NEW-YORK GIPSIES.

RESTORATION OF A KIDNAPPED CHILD TO ITS PARENTS.

The recovery, on Saturday last, of the female child of Mr. M. Greenan, after an absence of three weeks, reveals the fact that there are in this, and probably other States as well, strong bands of vagabonds corresponding to the gypsies of Europe. The facts attending the case are as follows:

Mr. M. Greenan, an Irishman, is a tanner by trade, living in the rear tenement-house, on lot No. 61 James street. He is a married man, having two children, one named Ann, aged two years, and the other still younger. Mr. Greenan and his wife are represented as sober, industrious, intelligent people, who enjoy the good opinion of all their neighbors. On Thursday afternoon, the 26th of February, between 2 and 3 o'clock, a woman of exceedingly bad character, named Ann McCloudy, an Irishwoman, about 26 years of age, called to see the people in the building, and informed herself upon the notice of several different ones, much to their annoyance. This woman was known to be a thief and prostitute, and the wife of a man who kept a low dance-house at the junction of Water and Roosevelt streets, and who is now on the Island for felonious assault.

After having been treated coldly by all whom she called, Mrs. McCloudy started to leave the house, when she encountered little Ann Greenan in the hall. She spoke to the child, asking several questions, to which answers were made in the prattling manner peculiar to children just learning to talk. The woman seemed pleased with the child, and led her along by the hand through the alleyway to the street, still talking to her. When she got out of sight of the house, she suddenly picked the little girl up in her arms and disappeared around the corner. Some time elapsed before the child was missed, the mother knowing nothing of the visit of the kidnapper, with whom she was unacquainted, and resting under the belief that the little girl was playing with some of the neighbors' children in one of the adjoining rooms.

As soon as the mother ascertained that her child was not in the house she ran to the street and sought her all through the neighborhood, but without success. Finally, in answer to her inquiries, some of the little children told her that a strange woman had carried her child away. Upon the strength of these statements the father and mother hastened to the station-house and gave information of the disappearance of their child. No especial attention was paid to this announcement by the police, as great numbers of lost children are daily reported to them. The fact that a child was lost, together with a description of little Ann, was telegraphed to every station-house in the city, and it was thought that the child would be found before morning. The night passed away, however, and no tidings representing themselves as poor mechanics out of work.

We saw the little girl last evening, and a brighter, more intelligent-looking, or interesting two-year-old, can scarcely be found. She was reveling in the embrace of father, mother, uncles, aunts, and friends, seeming to be perfectly happy except when the name of her kidnapper was mentioned; then her little lips would pout, the tears would come, and finally a terrified yell would break forth which required all manner of soothing to subdue. The child was, no doubt, frightened, and, although the treatment changed her appearance materially, it does not seem to have affected her health.

Mrs. McCloudy has not yet been seen in the city, but that she will be arrested immediately on her arrival is almost certain as that she will come here. Gallagher will be detained until something definite can be learned in reference to him. He will be required to appear against the woman, provided she is taken.

He says that he met several bands of "tramps" traveling through the country the same as he was looking for work, but in reality searching for something to steal. They lead a irregular, Gipsy life, camping out nights, or sleeping in outhouses, always representing themselves as poor mechanics out of work.

In reference to the reward offered by Mr. Greenan there is some dispute. The Chapman, thinking he must be a wealthy man, came here to claim it, but, learning that he was poor, offered to relinquish their claim on payment of a small sum sent by them in the master. Mr. Thorne Mancy, Overseer of the Poor at Sing-Sing, claims to have found the child in the first place, and demands \$25 for his trouble.

On Saturday evening Mr. Greenan received the following message from Mr. Reesee:

"Sing-Sing, March 23, 1861.—The man who found your child is waiting, and claims no reward—you must not pay him a cent. If any reward is claimed by him communicate with me."

OCEAN RESERVE.

The fact that the prisoner Gallagher corroborates the story told by the Chappmans, renders it probable that they were the finders of the child. However, the matter of the reward will be considered by the Police Commissioners, who have felt a deep interest in the case, and it is probable that they will be enabled to arrange it satisfactorily to all concerned.

It is to be hoped that Mr. Greenan will not be forced to pay the sum of \$25, as that amount is all the money he has, and the expense already incurred by him in pursuit of his child amounts to a large sum.

MURDERED BY INDIANS.—The *Nevada Valley Register* of the 6th gives an account of the murder of William D. Shaw and Archibald E. Green of Burlington, Kansas, by the Osage Indians. They were on a buffalo hunt at the time. It is feared that other hunters have been murdered, as nearly a dozen are missing.

A young Swedish girl, Christine Nilsson, has been educated at her expense, as a singer, in consequence of the great beauty of her voice.

The following table gives the relative position held by the several States during the same time:

| States. | Number of Vessels. | Tonnage. |
|------------|--------------------|----------|
| Mass. | 172 | 31,061 |
| Conn. | 179 | 31,061 |
| Penn. | 139 | 31,061 |
| Maryland | 132 | 31,615 |
| Delaware | 43 | 7,785 |
| All others | 20 | 5,789 |
| Total. | 504 | 109,955 |

The value of this property, estimated at \$50 per ton, is \$5,497,500,000.

The following table gives the relative position held by the several States during the same time:

| States. | Number of Vessels. | Tonnage. |
|------------|--------------------|----------|
| Mass. | 172 | 27,461 |
| Conn. | 179 | 31,061 |
| Penn. | 139 | 31,061 |
| Maryland | 132 | 31,615 |
| Delaware | 43 | 7,785 |
| All others | 20 | 5,789 |
| Total. | 504 | 109,955 |

The value of this property, estimated at \$50 per ton, is \$5,497,500,000.

The following table gives the relative position held by the several States during the same time:

| States. | Number of Vessels. | Tonnage. |
|------------|--------------------|----------|
| Mass. | 172 | 27,461 |
| Conn. | 179 | 31,061 |
| Penn. | 139 | 31,061 |
| Maryland | 132 | 31,615 |
| Delaware | 43 | 7,785 |
| All others | 20 | 5,789 |
| Total. | 504 | 109,955 |

The value of this property, estimated at \$50 per ton, is \$5,497,500,000.

The following table gives the relative position held by the several States during the same time:

| States. | Number of Vessels. | Tonnage. |
|------------|--------------------|----------|
| Mass. | 172 | 27,461 |
| Conn. | 179 | 31,061 |
| Penn. | 139 | 31,061 |
| Maryland | 132 | 31,615 |
| Delaware | 43 | 7,785 |
| All others | 20 | 5,789 |
| Total. | 504 | 109,955 |

The value of this property, estimated at \$50 per ton, is \$5,497,500,000.

The following table gives the relative position held by the several States during the same time:

| States. | Number of Vessels. | Tonnage. |
|------------|--------------------|----------|
| Mass. | 172 | 27,461 |
| Conn. | 179 | 31,061 |
| Penn. | 139 | 31,061 |
| Maryland | 132 | 31,615 |
| Delaware | 43 | 7,785 |
| All others | 20 | 5,789 |
| Total. | 504 | 109,955 |

The value of this property, estimated at \$50 per ton, is \$5,497,500,000.

The following table gives the relative position held by the several States during the same time:

| States. | Number of Vessels. | Tonnage. |
|------------|--------------------|----------|
| Mass. | 172 | 27,461 |
| Conn. | 179 | 31,061 |
| Penn. | 139 | 31,061 |
| Maryland | 132 | 31,615 |
| Delaware | 43 | 7,785 |
| All others | 20 | 5,789 |
| Total. | 504 | 109,955 |

The value of this property, estimated at \$50 per ton, is \$5,497,500,000.

The following table gives the relative position held by the several States during the same time:

| States. | Number of Vessels. | Tonnage. |
|------------|--------------------|----------|
| Mass. | 172 | 27,461 |
| Conn. | 179 | 31,061 |
| Penn. | 139 | 31,061 |
| Maryland | 132 | 31,615 |
| Delaware | 43 | 7,785 |
| All others | 2 | |